## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

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- 1. (Currently amended) A method for allowing objects in a first programming language to communicate with objects in a second programming language without the use of a broker, comprising:
  - a) receiving metadata information from a server running said second programming language on a client running said first programming language;
  - b) generating proxies for said first programming language on said client from said metadata information, using a development tool for said first programming language, wherein said proxies are generated by a one-to-one mapping of classes from said second programming language to said first programming language and said proxy is customized for the client's intended purpose; and
    - c) implementing said proxies on said client, wherein said method is provided solely in said first programming language and said client does not require any components from said second programming language.

2. (Original) The method according to claim 1, including an additional step d) using said proxies to enable bidirectional communication between said client and said server.

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3. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein said first programming language is a JAVA cross platform programming language and said second programming language is common language runtime (CLR).

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4. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein said first programming language is a .Net Remoting programming language and said second programming language is a JAVA cross platform programming language.

- 5. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein said client and said server communicate using SOAP formatted messages.
- 20 6. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein said client and said server communicate using binary formatted messages.
- 7. (Original) The method according to claim 1, including the additional step of passing said proxies to a runtime tool using said first programming language.
  - 8. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 7, wherein said runtime tool is capable of operating
- 30 independently of said development tool proxies are

generated using a development tool for said first programming language .

- 9. (Currently amended) A <u>brokerless</u> system enabling bidirectional communication using .Net Remoting protocol between JAVA objects in a JAVA virtual machine environment and .Net assemblies objects in a common language runtime (CLR) environment, comprising:
  - (a) a computer network;
- 10 (b) a JVM computer having random access memory (RAM) and at least one of hard disk storage memory (HDS) and solid state storage memory (SSSM), said computer having a JAVA Virtual Machine (JVM) environment and JAVA objects in one of said HDS and SSSM, said JVM computer coupled to said computer network;
  - (c) a CLR computer having random access memory (RAM) and at least one of hard disk storage memory (HDS) and solid state storage memory (SSSM), said computer having a CLR environment and .Net assemblies in one of said HDS and SSSM, said CLR computer coupled to said network;
  - (d) a JAVA development computer with a RAM, and <u>at</u>

    <u>least</u> one of HDS and SSSM, said JAVA development
    computer having a JVM environment and a JAVAbased tool in one of said HDS or SSSM, said JAVA
    development computer coupled to said network,
    wherein said JAVA based tool is used, during
    development, to select .Net assemblies running on
    CLR computers), wherein

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- (i) said JAVA-based tool being used during development to select .Net assemblies running on said CLR computer on said computer network and to generates a corresponding set of JAVA proxies corresponding to specified .Net assemblies running on said CLR computer, wherein said JAVA proxies are generated by a one-to-one mapping of classes between JAVA and CLR customized according to their intended purpose; and
- (ii) said JAVA proxies are copied onto said JVM computer and are operative to allow said JAVA objects to communicate with selected specified .Net assemblies on said CLR computer;
- a CLR development computer having memory (e) comprising RAM, and at least one of HDS and SSSM, and having a CLR environment in said memory, said CLR development computer coupled to said computer network, and having a CLR-based tool in said memory operative during development to select specified JAVA objects on said JVM computer over said computer network and to wherein said CLRbased tool generates a corresponding set of CLR .Net proxies corresponding to specified JAVA objects, wherein said .Net proxies are generated by a one-to-one mapping of classes between JAVA and CLR, and wherein said CLR .Net proxies are copied onto said CLR computer and are operative to allow said CLR objects to communicate with

said specified JAVA objects on said JVM computer, said CLR proxies being customized according to their intended purpose.

- 5 10. (Currently amended) The system of claim 9, further comprising a JAVA cross platform programming language based runtime tool stored on said JVM one—computer for handling said JAVA proxies and said .Net proxies.
- 10 11. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 10, wherein said JAVA cross platform programming language based runtime tool is capable of operating independently of said JAVA cross platform programming language based tools for generating JAVA and .Net proxies.
- 12. (New) A computer readable medium having instructions in a first programming language which, when executed by a client, enable objects in said first programming language to communicate with objects in a second programming
- 20 language without the use of a broker, said instructions comprising:
  - a) receiving metadata information from a server running said second programming language;
- b) generating proxies on said client from said metadata
  information, wherein said proxies are generated by a
  one-to-one mapping of classes from said second
  programming language to said first programming
  language; and

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- c) implementing said proxies on said client, wherein said instructions are provided solely in said first programming language and said client does not require any components from said second programming language.
- 13. (New) The computer readable medium according to claim 12, wherein said instructions include an additional step d) using said proxies to enable bi-directional communication between said client and said server.
- 14. (New) The computer readable medium according to claim 12, wherein said first programming language is a JAVA cross platform programming language and said second programming language is common language runtime (CLR).
- 15. (New) The computer readable medium according to claim 12, wherein said client and said server communicate using SOAP formatted messages.
- 20 16. (New) The computer readable medium according to claim 12, wherein said client and said server communicate using binary formatted messages.
- 17. (New) The computer readable medium according to claim
  25 12, including the additional step of passing said proxies
  to a runtime tool using said first programming language.
  - 18. (New) The computer readable medium according to claim 17, wherein said proxies are generated using a development tool for said first programming language.